**THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN-MINISTRY OF EDUCATION**

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**........ Directorate of Education**

**............................. School**

**11th Grade-Final English Exam**

**DATE: .../.../.... Name:**

# Teacher:Nancy Shwaiyat

**TIME: ONE HOUR AND A HALFملحوظات : 1- اجب عن جميع أسئلة هذه الورقة جميعها .2 - عدد الاسئلة : ) 3 ( ، وعدد الصفحات )3(**

**Question Number One(30 points)**

Choose the correct answer from those given below to complete the sentences 1) I don't usually like someone immediately, but I really ........................ him.

a) real bond b) took to c) passed on d) terrified

2) I am totally confused because I didn't know why I didn't pass.

- The suitable synonym than can replace the underlined one is ........................

a) thrilled b) terrified c) bewildred d) livid

3) One of the following expressions relates to ''Enjoyment or Happiness'', which is

. ........................

1. I'm heartbroken
2. that's a weight of my mind
3. get out of here
4. I am walking on air

4) When you share a house, this creates a very real ........................ .

a) bond b) laugh c) conversation d) disbelief

5) We know that social media directs advertisements ........................ its users.

a) over b) to c) on d) about

1. It was raining so heavily that we could barely........................ the road ahead. a) wipe out b) make out c) point oub d) spell out
2. Salwa was sad when her best friend moved to another city. They ........................ after Salwa had travelled.

a) made contact b) made out c) lost touch d) pointed out 8) He just kept asking me one thing after another for what seemed like ages.

- The suitable idiom for the situation above is ........................ a) put on the spot

1. to refuse
2. fire questions at someone to let it drop
3. jump down somebody's throat

9) Lama ......................... that essay since morning. a) has been written

1. wrote
2. has been writing
3. writes

10) Abbas ......................... how to write in English yet.

a) hasn't learnt b) has learnt c) learned d) learns 11) After we'd discussed the issues, we ........................ work.

a) started b) start c) starts d) had started 12) Once in a while, Zaina ........................ books.

a) write b) wrote c) don't write d) writes

13) Mahmoud was bewildered by the Physics questions, ........................ ?

a) was he b) isn't Mahmoudd c) wasn't he d) is he 14) No one tells her, ........................ ?

a) doesn't they b) didn't they c) do they d) don't they 15) Those were the teacher's close friends, ........................ ?

a) were they b) weren't they c) they were d) aren't they 16) I'm putting you on the spot, ........................ ?

a) aren't I b) are I c) am I d) weren't I

17) Farah: I used to teach it here.

Sami: ........................ ? It's nice !

a) did I b) did you c) didn't I d) didn't you

18) An action in the past that was completed before another action or time in the past.

The correct option which suits the above sentence is ........................ a) Teenagers rarely write emails.

1. I was writing to Jad when he called.
2. I'd already talked to him, so he knew everything.
3. I've written down everything she's said so far.

19) She was studying when someone ........................a brick through the window. a) tossed b) tosses c) was tossing d) had tossed 20) By dinner time last week, we ........................ all the things.

a) had done b) did c) do d) have done 21) I ........................ why you want to stay in touch with him.

a) am not Seeing b) sees c) don't see d) seeing 22) Today, you ........................ handsome a lot.

a) look b) are looking c) looks d) looking

23) The managers in this company ........................ courses since the previous Summar.

a) have been taking b) took c) has been taking d) takes 24) Let's go to the Dead Sea, ........................ ?

a) shall not we b) we shall c) shall we d) will we 25) I'm sure you felt stressed out, ........................ ?

a) aren't I b) didn't you c) are you d) am I 26) Come to visit me next week, ........................ ?

a) will you b) won't you c) will I d) could you

27) I ........................ my password and blocked my email account the day before yesterday.

a) forget b) forgot c) forgets d) had forget 28) Gas and oil prices ........................ more and more expensive these days. a) got b) get c) are getting d) have gotten 29) Don't forget it, ........................ ?

a) won't I b) will you c) don't you d) do you

30) ........................ you ........................ her photos on Instagram before you met her ?

a) had, see b) did, see c) had, seen d) do, see

**Question Number two(5points)**

Read the following text carefully, and then answer allthe following questions. **"We know that some animals understand basic instructions, allowing travellers to control their horses or camels, for example. But although some of the more intelligent animals can figure out what we want them to do, we have long assumed that communication with – and between – animals must be limited. However, thanks to the work done by the naturalist Jane Goodall since the 1960s, we should take the possibility seriously that some animals can both take in what we are saying and get**

**across complex ideas.How could a young English woman with no scientific training possibly make contact with a group of wild chimpanzees? At first, the animals ran away as soon as they saw her. But maybe because she knew very little about these wild animals, it is highly likely that her calmness gained their trust. It was only later that Jane would learn how dangerous they could be. She saw that different groups of chimpanzees had battles in which they tried to wipe out the rival group. But before this, her studies showed her that the chimpanzees could clearly communicate, allowing them to groom and help each other, share food as well as have arguments. Jane pointed out that the animals couldn’t communicate using language like people, but they could communicate by touch and sound.**

**Amazingly, she also realised they could use sign language.Since her work in Tanzania, naturalists have continued to study different forms ofcommunication between animals such as whales and elephants, who can pick up sounds made by other whales and elephants over large distances. I feel that we may well learn even more about animal communication in the future".**

1. . Having the ability to communicate lets chimpanzees do many various things. Mention two of them. (1 point)
2. . According to the above text, animals can communicate using different ways. Write them down. (1point)
3. Quote the sentence which indicates that Jane was relaxed with animals to gain their confidence. (1 point)
4. Find the word in the text which means ''to brush and clean fur''. (1 point)
5. What does the underlined pronoun "I" refer to? (1 point)

**Question number three (5 points)**

**"The Rosetta stone is nothing much to look at. Nevertheless, visitors to the British Museum flow endlessly past the piece of rock, despite being unable to make out what is written on it. If they could, they might be disappointed to discover that it is a kind of tax document. However, as the museum guides explain, the Rosetta stone is the star of an incredible story about figuring out how to communicate with the past. The tale begins over 2000 years ago in Egypt. When Pharaoh Ptolemy IV died, his six-year-old son became the ruler. This was the start of years of chaos as rival groups tried to influence him. Eventually, the boy-pharaoh grew up and, with the assistance of powerful priests, he took control.**

**In 196 BCE, like all the other pharaohs before him, he wished to announce to the world the importance of his role.The Rosetta stone is one of 18 stones that9 were put in temples around Egypt; theirpurpose was both to point this message and to bring into law some very generous tax breaks for priests. The stone is of particular historical importance because the 'memo' it contains is written in three languages: Greek, an Egyptian language called**

**Demotic, and hieroglyphics like those found on tombs.The Rosetta stone remained in Egypt for 2000 years. Then in 1801, it was capturedby the British Army and taken to London. There, academics tried to figure out whatwas written on it, but nobody could understand the hieroglyphics."**1 . The duration of time after pharaoh potelmy IV was difficult a lot, because ……………. a )They didn't want the boy-pharaoh to take control and they want him negatively to affect.

1. The rival groups want the boy-pharaoh to take control.
2. They need to explain the language.
3. Non- of them.

2 . …………………. were put in temples around Egypt. a) 18 Stones without including the Rossetta Stone.

1. 17 stones and the Rossetta Stones.
2. The Rossetta Stones and other 18 stones. d) One of the 18 Stones.

3 . Which is true about the Rossetta stone ? a) It contains a multilingual message.

1. Its sole aim to announce the importance of the pharaoh.
2. It was the only one of its kind.
3. It was made for a child ruler.

4 . After 1801, People could Find the Rossetta Stone in ………………….

a) Britain. b) Egypt. c) India. d) Jordan.

5 . The underlined pronoun refers to ………………….

1. The ruler.
2. Pharaohs.
3. When pharaoh Ptolemy IV died, his six year old son became the ruler.
4. The Rossetta Stone.

Good Luck