**IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE MOST GRACIOUS, THE MOST MERCIFUL**

**Jordan high note 9**

**Semester 1**

**COMPREHENSION**

**VOCABULARY**

**GRAMMAR**

**TEACHER : FATIMA AL SOBEH**

 Close to you

+

**Vocabulary**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Word**  | **Meaning in ENG**  | **Meaning in Arabic**  | **Part of speech**  |
| **Contact**  | **Connect**  | **اتصل** | **N** |
| **Friendship**  | **Friendliness**  | **الصداقة** | **N** |
| **Niece**  | **---------** | **ابن الاخ , ابن الاخت**  | **ADJ** |
| **Guest**  | **Inmate**  | **ضيف, نزيل** | **N** |
| **Nervous**  | **Spooky**  | **متوتر** | **ADJ** |
| **Selfish**  | **Egocentric**  | **انانية** | **ADJ** |
| **Rude** | **Rough**  | **وقح , فظ** | **ADJ** |
| **Invite**  | **Purport** | **يدعو** | **V** |
| **Bossy**  | **Masterful**  | **متسلط** | **ADJ** |

**\*complete :**

**1 : The relationship between me and my friend is called………………………….**

**2 : like things to be mine alone………………………….**

**3 : I have a birthday party so I have to ………………………………my loved ones**

**4 : In my class there is a person who insults others. This person is very rude…………………………….**

**5 : That person takes my friend's stationery …………………………………..**

**Comprehension**

**1 : What’s Abbas’s profession?............................................................................**

**2 : How does umm Abbas feel ?....................................................................**

**3 : What’s the relationship between Salah and Rakan ? ……………………………………**

**4 : where does Salah live ?………………………………………………………………………………**

**5 :Where does Osama stay?...............................................................................**

**6 : Find out :**

**Noun …………………………………………………. ADJ ……………………………………**

**Verb …………………………………………………… conjunction……………………………**

**Present simple ………………………………….. present con……………………………**

**Career ……………………………………………… country …………………………………**

**Preposition ……………………………………. Keywords ……………………………**

**Article ……………………………………………….. apostrophe …………………………**

**Adverb ……………………………………………… month …………………………………**

**Subject pro ……………………………………… demonstrative pronoun ………**

**Write here some adjectives : ……………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………**

**Grammar**

**Present simple**

**Function : we use the present simple to talk about scientific facts or about habits and maybe routine .**

**نستخدم المضارع البسيط للتحدث عن حقائق عامة او علمية او عن عادات وربما عن روتين .**

**EX : The sun rises in the east .**

**EX : the sun sets in the west .**

**EX : I brush my teeth everyday .**

**Keywords :كلمات مفتاحية ( اذا رايتهم فاعرف ان الجملة هي جملة مضارع بسيط ×)**

**Always :دائما**

**Often :غالبا**

**Usuallyعادة :**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Every day**  | **Daily**  |
| **Every week**  | **Weekly**  |
| **Every month**  | **Monthly**  |
| **Every year**  | **Yearly**  |
| **Every night**  | **Nightly**  |

**Generally :عموما**

**Rarely :نادرا**

**Hardly :بالكاد**

**Sometimes :احيانا**

**Seldom :نادرة**

**Hardly :بالكاد**

**Every + time ( day , week ………)**

**Affirmative :الاثبات**

**1 : (plural subject ) S + V 1 + complement .اذا كان الفاعل جمع الفعل يبقى كما هو**

**2 : (singular subject ) S + V ( s/ es / ies ) + complement .**

**اما اذا كان الفاعل مفرد فاننا نضيف ( ) واخواتها**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **( S )** |  **Smells / knocks /takes / runs / rams /hits اذا كان الفعل طبيعي مثل**  |
| **(es )**  | **اذا كان الفعل منتهي بهذه الحروف( o ,x , sh ,ch,s, z,ss)** **Go – goes / do – does / pass –passes / bus – buses catch – catches / wash – washes / fix – fixes /** |
| **( Ies )**  | **اضفها اذا انتهى الفعل ب ومسبوق بساكن مثل** **Carry \_ carries / fly – flies / study- studies /**  |
| **Y –y**  | **اذا كان ال ( ) مسبوق بحرف علة فانه يبقى كما هو ونضيف فقط ( )****Enjoy- enjoys / employ- employs / play –plays**  |

**Plural :الجمع**

**You :انت**

**I :انا**

**They :هم / هن**

**We :نحن**

**Plural name : اسم جمع**

**Fatima and Mohammad**

**Singular :المفرد**

**She :هي**

**He :هو**

**It :هو / هي للغير عاقل**

**Singular name :اسم مفرد**

**Fatima**

**Negative :النفي**

**Does not = Doesn’t :للمفرد**

**Do not = don’t :للجمع**

**S + DO/DOES + NOT + V1 + COMPLEMENT .**

**She doesn’t do her homework .**

**They don’t do their homework .**

 **اذا لاحظت ان الفعل بقي مجرد في حالة النفي**

Question

**Do :للجمع**

**Does :للمفرد**

 **DO / DOES + S + V1 + COMOLEMENT + ?**

**EX : does she brush her hair ?**

**EX : do you eat a lot ?**

**في حالة السؤال ايضا يبقى الفعل مجرد**

**يعني اذا رايت**

**نضع الفعل كما هو** ( **DO / DON’T /DOES / DOESN’T )**

**Exercises**

**1 : ……………………….they ……………………….( play ) every day ?**

**2 : she ……………………..( fix ) her father’s car daily .**

**3 : I ………………………….( not , wash ) my hand every morning .**

**4 : bird always ……………………….( fly ) in the sky .**

**5 : ……………………….. Fatima …………………….( go) to school ?**

**6 : Mohammad and Sara sometimes ……………………..(cook ) mansaf .**

**7 :Sobeh usually ………………………….( watch ) detective conan .**

**8 : they always …………………………………( not , want ) to talk us .**

**9 : Judy …………………….( study ) about science weekly .**

**10 :Areen ……………….( not , study ) monthly .**

**11: …………………. Areen ………………..( study ) monthly ?**

**12 : Ami ………………….( talk ) together yearly .**

**13 : ………………Ameen and sami ………………( talk ) together daily ?**

**14 :Hashim hardly ……………………..( do ) his homework .**

**15 : ……………….Hashim hardly ………………..( do ) his homework ?**

**16 : we …………………..( not , play ) tennis every month .**

**17 : we ……………….( play) tennis weekly .**

**18 : she ………………….( open ) her boutique every night**

**19 : Sara and Fatima always……………………. (take )a photo together .**

**20 : he sometimes ………………………….( write ) a poem .**

**Q : Convert these sentences to NEG& QUES :**

**She always goes to her friends .**

**………………………………………………………………………………………..**

**………………………………………………………………………………………..**

**They sometime play football .**

**………………………………………………………………………………………**

**………………………………………………………………………………………**

**He takes his book daily**

**…………………………………………………………………………………….**

**…………………………………………………………………………………..**

**I wash my hand every day .**

**…………………………………………………………………………………..**

**……………………………………………………………………………………..**

**Q : Answer about these questions :**

**Do you palyfootball ?**

**Yes , …………………………………………. No ,……………………………………………………**

**Does Ahmed take a photo daily ?**

**Yes , ………………………………………… No, ……………………………………………………….**

**Do they fix their car ?**

**Yes , …………………………………………. No ,……………………………………………………**

**Does she read a novel ?**

**Yes , …………………………………………. No ,……………………………………………………**

**Do we do our room ?**

**Yes , …………………………………………. No ,……………………………………………………**

**Grammar**

 **The present continuous**

**Function :We use the Present Continuous to talk about activities that are happening at the moment of speaking.**

**نستخدم زمن المضارع المستمر للتحدث عن الأنشطة التي تحدث في لحظة التحدث .**

**\*keywords**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Now**  | **الان**  |
| **Right now**  | **الان**  |
| **At the moment**  | **في هذه اللحظة**  |
| **At present**  | **حاليا**  |
| **Currently**  | **حاليا**  |
| **Today**  | **اليوم**  |
| **Nowadays**  | **هذه الايام**  |
| **Tonight**  | **الليلة**  |
| **This + time**  | **هذا / هذه + وقت**  |
| **Stop !** | **توقف**  |
|  **Look !** | **انظر**  |
| **Be careful !** | **احذر**  |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **ARE**  | **IS**  | **I**  |
| **We** | **She**  | **am** |
| **They**  | **He**  |  |
| **You**  | **It**  |  |
| **Plural name**  | **Singular name**  |  |

**Helping verbs**

**\*Affirmative : الاثبات**

 **S + IS /AM / ARE + V (ING ) + complement**

 **I’m studying now .**

**\*Negative :النفي**

**S + IS /AM/ARE + NOT + V(ING) + complement**

**She is not studying now .**

**Is not = isn’t**

**Are not = aren’t**

**Am not = am not :لا تختصر**

**\*Question :السؤال**

**IS /AM / ARE + S + V (ING ) + Complement + ?**

**Are you studying now ?**

**Rules for adding ( ing ) / قواعد اضافة**

**-**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **-Normal condition : الوضع الطبيعي** **Read – reading****Eat – eating** **Go – going**  | **If the verb ends with ( e ) you delete it then add ( ing ) . like :****اذا الفعل انتهى ب ( ) فاننا نحذفه ونضيف ( ) فقط . مثل** **Take – taking** **Write – writing** **Come – coming**  | **If the verb ends with double ee****We just add ( ing ) like :** **اذا الفعل انتهى ب ( ) مضاعفة فاننا نضيف ( ) فقط . مثل :** **See – seeing** **Free – freeing**  |
| **If the verb ends with (y ) add (ing) like :** **اذا الفعل انتهى ب ( ) اضف ( )****فقط . مثل :** **Study – studying** **Play – playing** **Try – trying** **Enjoy- enjoying**  | **If the verb ends with ( ie ) just convert them to( ying) like :****اذا الفعل انتهى ب ( ) حولهم الى** **( ) فقط مثل :** **Die – dying** **Tie – tying** **Lie- lying**  | **If the verb end with vowel and consonant we double the consonant .like :****اذا الفعل انتهى بعلة ثم ساكن ضاعف الساكن** **Run – running** **Stop- stopping** **Refer –referring**  |

 **ملاحظة : هناك افعال تنتهي بحرف ساكن متحرك ساكن ولكن لا نضاعف الساكن فيها لان لفظها خفيف مكون من مقطع لفظي واحد مثل :**

**Open – opening listen – listening happen – happening**

 **ملاحظة : فقط الافعال التي تنتهي بساكن متحرك ساكن وتلاحظ ان مقطعها الصوتي مكون من مقطعين و الضغط غلى المقطع الثاني فاننا نضاعف الساكن هنا مثل :**

**Forget – forgetting begin – beginning submit – submitting**

**Exercises**

**1 : …………………………..she (play) football at the moment ?**

**2 : they …………………………………….(write ) a novel nowadays .**

**3 : I ……………………………………( study ) at present .**

**4 : ………………………. I ……………………………..( run ) this moment ?**

**5 : …………………… we …………………………( do ) our exercises today ?**

**6 : we ……………………………( not , draw ) with you this day .**

**7 : ……………………..Fatima ………………………….. ( sleep ) now ?**

**8 : I ………………………………………..( not , watch ) TV at present .**

**9 : look out ! it ………………………..( come ) .**

**10 : watch out ! the window ………………………………. (not , close ) .**

**11 : Nader and john ………………………………………( have ) their lunch .**

**12 : listen ! the boys ………………………………..( not , walk ) on the sidewalk .**

**13 : you ……………………………….( take ) the shower right now .**

**14 :……………………… I ………………………… (brush ) my teeth at the moment .**

**15 :samar ………………………….( go ) to school this morning .**

**16 : be quiet ! Our car …………………………………( break down ) now .**

**17 : they always ……………………………….( cheat ) in the exam .**

**18 : my father …………………………………( drink ) his coffee this night .**

**20 : our classmates …………………………………..( write ) on the board .**

**\*How do you ask and answer in p.c .**

**EX : Is she playing football ?**

**Yes , she is**

**No, she isn’t**

**EX : am I playing football ?**

**Yes , I am**

**No, I’m not**

**EX : are playing football ?**

**Yes , I am**

**No, I’m not**

 **ولكن في حالات اخرى لا مثل :( I am ) في هذه الحالة نستخدم فقط**

**Are they playing football ?**

**4**

**No, they aren’t .**

**الخلاصة:**

**أنة في صيغة السؤال للمفرد المخاطب نستخدم“are” ويكون الجواب للشخص الذي إستقبل السؤال بـ“am” لأن السؤال كان ضمير مفرد مخاطب والجواب بالطبع سيكون ضمير مفرد متكلم. للمثال:**

**سؤال: are you late? هل أنت متأخر؟**

**الجواب: yes, I am late. نعم أنا متأخر.**

**TRY :**

**1 :Are you eating your lunch ? yes,…………………………………………no,…………………………………………**

**2 : are we writing oour H.W ? yes,…………………………………………no,…………………………………………**

**3: is ahmed sleeping today ? yes,…………………………………………no,…………………………………………**

**4: am I having nuts a lot ? yes,…………………………………………no,…………………………………………**

**5 : Am I having nuts a lot ? yes,…………………………………………no,…………………………………………**

**Number 5 if I ask Ahmed ( Ahmed’s answer )but 4 aske myself )**

**Grammar**

**Reflexive pronouns**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Subject pronouns****ضمائر الفاعل**  | **Object pronouns****ضمائر المفعول به**  | **Reflexive pronouns الضمائر الانعكاسية**  |
| **He هو**  | **Him\_ه**  | **Himself نفسه**  |
| **She هي**  | **Herها**  | **Herself نفسها**  |
| **It هو/ هي غير عاقل**  | **It هو/ هي غير عاقل** | **Itself نفسه / نفسها للغير عاقل**  |
| **They هم**  | **Them هم**  | **Themselves انفسهم**  |
| **We** **نحن**  | **Usنا**  | **Ourselves انفسنا**  |
| **You انت ,انتما , انتم , انتن**  | **ك/ كم**  | **Yourselves للجمع ( انفسكم )****Yourselfللمفرد (نفسك )**  |
| **I انا** | **Me ني**  | **Myself نفسي**  |

**Q : Fill These blanks with the correct ( Reflexive pro ):**

**1 : Every day ,I look at …………………………….. in the mirror and say I love you .**

**2 : your room so beautiful . Did you choose its colors ……………………………… ?**

**3 : She always reminds …………………………of her duties .**

**4 :My mom and I clean The house ………………………………every day .**

**5 : This cat is licking ………………………. With its tongue .**

**6 : That buy praises …………………………… a lot .**

**7 : They are studying all the subject ……………………………………………… .**

**Grammar**

 **indefinite pronouns**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **one and-body refer to people** | **thing refers to things.** | **where (or occasionally -place) refers to places.** |
| **every- indicates all of something or some group.** | **Tell everyone I said hi!****Everybody else is here already.** | **Everything looks brighter after a good night's sleep.** | **Humans can be found just about everywhere on earth** |
| **any- indicates a wide or infinite range of possibilities. It's also used in negative statements to mean the opposite.** | **Who's that knocking at the door? It could be anybody!****I don't think anyone is interested.** | **You can do anything you set your mind to.** | **I've never visited anywhere like that.** |
| **some- normally indicates one person or thing.** | **I'm sure somebody will help us out****Someone told me you like to play chess..** | **I get bored if I don't have something to do** | **I want to find somewhere nice to go on vacation this summer** |
| **no- indicates absence.** | **Nobody wants to go to the party anymore.****No one knows what the future may hold.** | **There's nothing better than a good meal.** | **My keys were nowhere to be found.** |

**Q:Choose the correct choice :**

**1 :I don't know someone / anything about that.**

**2 :Everybody/ something loves a good story.**

**3 : Everything / Somebody knocked on the door and left.**

**4 :There is everything / nobody at home.**

**5 :There is /Anyone can make a difference in theworld.**

**6 : Can anyone / everywhere help me please ?**

**7 : I Can’t find my phone anywhere / somebody .**

**8 : someone / something loves Fatima , she so beautiful .**

**9 : There isn’t anyone / there are I love him .**

**Learn to play**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Word**  | **Meaning in ENG** | **Meaning in Arabic**  | **Part of speech**  |
| **Goal**  | **Aim**  | **هدف**  | **N** |
| **Referee**  | **Person who referees a match**  | **حكم**  | **N** |
| **World cup**  | **a sports competition between teams from several countries, in particular an international soccertournament held every four years** | **كاس العالم**  | **N** |
| **Lose**  | **Miss out**  | **خسر**  | **V** |
| **Gold medal**  | **a medal made of or colored gold, and given for first place .** | **الميدالية الذهبية**  | **N** |

**Comprehension**

**Memories**

**Q 1: When did Huda start her volunteer project ?**

**……………………………………………………………………………………………… ………**

**2 : why was Huda nervous ? …………………………………………………………**

**…………………………………………………………………………………………………….**

**3 : what did Noor’s teacher tell her about the project ?**

**……………………………………………………………………………………………………**

**4 : On which floor was Samia’s last class ?**

**………………………………………………………………………………………………………**

**5 : find out :**

**Noun …………………………………………………. ADJ ……………………………………**

**Verb …………………………………………………… conjunction……………………………**

**Past simple ………………………………….. past con……………………………**

**Career ……………………………………………… phrasal verb…………………………**

**Preposition ……………………………………. Keywords ……………………………**

**Article ………………………………………………..**

**Adverb ………………………………………………**

**Subject pro ………………………………………**

**Grammar**

**The past simple /الماضي البسيط**

**Structures :**

**Affirmative**

**S + V2 + COMPLEMENT SENTENCE .**

**I did my homework yesterday**

**NEGATIVE**

**S + did not + V1 + COMPLEMENT SENTENCE .**

**I didn’t do my homework yesterday**

**QUESTION**

**Did + S + V1 + COMPLEMENT SENTENCE + ?**

**Did I do my homework yesterday ?**

 **Keywords**

**Yesterday :البارحة last + time : وقت + سابق**

 **Ago :قبل that time : في ذلك الوقت**

**Once :ذات مرة in past : في الماضي:**

**- أضف eفقط للفعل الذي ينتهي أصلا بـd ملاحظة : اضف**

**Care – cared / take – change – changed**

 **eللفعل الذي لا ينتهي بـed- أضف**

 **Start \_ started/ talk – talked /**

 **اضف ( ) للفعل الذي ينتهي ب ( ) مع حذف ال ( )**

**Carry – carried / try – tried / study – studied**

**اذا كان اخر حرف ( ) مسبوقا ب بحرف علة نضيف فقط ( )**

**Enjoy – enjoyed / play – played**

**- ضاعف الحرف الساكن الأخير إذا كان الفعل ينتهي بحرف ساكن واحد مسبوقا بحرف عله واحد**

**Stop\_stopped / travel – travelled**

**هذا في حال كانت الافعال منتظمة تقبل ( ) اما اذا كانت افعال شاذة فانها تصرف ومطلوبة منك في الاختبار في جميع الصفوف توجد في اخر كتاب التمارين**

**Q: Write the correct verb :**

**1: I ……. )eat ) pizza last night.**

**2: Sara ………………(take ) me to her home yesterday.**

**3 : ……………………………..(visit) my grandparents last summer .**

**4: He ……………………….( see ) Areen in concert last week.**

**5 : ……………………………..she ……………………( play ) with us last summer ?**

**6 : I ……………………………( not , take ) my book yesterday .**

**7 : we …………………….( go ) to Turkey last winter .**

**8 : ……………………….we ………………………….( draw ) together that time ?**

**9 : she …………………………………( throw ) her pencil case on the floor tow years ago.**

**10 : I ………………………………(not, forgot ) my bag yesterday .**

**Q : Choose the correct answer :**

**1: They really...............the game last weekend.**

**a : enjoying b : enjoyed**

**2 : Mohammed ................... a Football game last week**

**a : wining b : won**

**3 : we......................very well yesterday, we won the match.**

**A : played B :were play**

**4. : How many apples ....... you have with your lunch?**

**a : did b : do**

**5 : Ali................. want to see the movie with me.**

**a : does not b : did not**

**6 : How many apples ....... you have with your lunch?**

**a : did b : do**

**7: Sarah............to school yesterday**

 **a: went b : go**

**8 : Abdullah................his car far from the store last nigh.**

 **a: parked b : parking**

**9: Ali and Saleh ..................at the house when you called.**

 **a: are b: were**

**10. I ...................Heba yesterday at the coffee shop.**

**A : saw B : see**

**11. Saleh...........his father on the phone three hours ago**

**A : Calls B : called**

**12 : she …………………………….. her money that day .**

**A : lost b : lose**

**13 : I …………………………. My care yesterday .**

**A : drive b : drove**

 **Grammar**

**Used to**

**Function :We use( used to ) to talk about a regular habit or state in the past which doesn’t happen anymore.**

**\*Used to :اعتدت ان**

**للتحدث عن عادة أو حالة منتظمة في الماضي والتي لم تعد تحدث بعد الآن نحن نستخدمها**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A (+)** | **We used to study German at school.** |
| **N (-)**  | **He didn’t use to be an actor.** |
| **?** | **Did they use to be famous?** |
| **Answer**  | **Yes, they did./No, they didn’t** |
| **Wh ?** | **What did they use to study?** |

**Q: correct forms of used to and the verbs in brackets .**

**1 : Farah ……………………………........( play ) tennis .**

**2 : I …………………………………………..( not , write ) my homework .**

**3 : ………………………….. you …………………………… to wear your uniform ?**

**4 : when I was a child I ……………………………………………..( watch ) Conan detective .**

**5 : My mom ……………………………………..( cook ) Mansaf .**

**6 : MY dad ……………………………………………( fix ) his car when he was young .**

**Far from Home**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Word**  | **Meaning in Arabic** | **Part of speech**  |
| **Climb**  | **يتسلق** | **V** |
| **Hospitable**  | **مضياف** | **ADJ** |
| **School trip**  | **رحلة مدرسية** | **N** |
| **Visa**  | **تاشيرة** | **N** |
| **State**  | **ولاية** | **N** |
| **Take off**  | **يقلع** | **V** |
| **Make a trip**  | **ينظم رحلة** | **V** |

 **Comprehension**

**Amazing Moments**

**\*Go to action pack ( student’s book ) page 30,then answer about these questions :**

**Q 1 :When did Habib take the pictures?....................................................................**

**Q 2 : Why didn't Habib look at the countryside during the road ?**

**…………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………**

**Q 3 : What is the title of this paragraph?.............................................................**

**Q 4: Where is the beach where Fadi Was sunbathing?......................................**

**Q 5 : What is the only problem that Fadi faced ?............................**

**…………………………………………………………………………………………………………………….**

**Q : 6**

**Noun ………………………………………………….**

**Verb ……………………………………………………**

**past con……………………………**

**Preposition …………………………………….**

**Article ………………………………………………..**

**Past simple ………………………………………**

**conjunction……………………………**

**ADJ ……………………………………**

 **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**The past continuous**

**Grammar**

**FUNCTION :we use past continuous to talk about activities that went on for some time in the past .**

**الوظيفة اللغوية : نحن نستخدم الماضي البسيط للحديث عن نشاطات استمرت لبعض الوقت في الماضي .**

**Structures :هيكل الجملة**

**-Affirmative : الاثبات**

**S + WAS/ WERE + V ( ING ) + complement .**

**EX : I was playing football .**

**EX : they were playing football .**

**\_ Negative : النفي**

 **S + WAS/WERE + ( NOT ) + V (ING ) + complement .**

**EX : I was not plying football .**

**EX : they were not playing football .**

**\_ Question : السؤال**

**WAS / WERE + S + V (ING ) + complement ?**

**EX : was I playing football ?**

**EX : were they playing football ?**

**\*Keywords : الكلمات المفتاحية**

**When :(V2 ) صديقة الماضي البسيط**

**While / as : (V ing ) صديقة الماضي المستمر**

**ملاحظة : قد سبق ودرسنا الماضي البسيط في الوحدة السابقة الان سنعرف كيف نستخدمه مع الماضي المستمر لنرى التركيبة معا ( دائما تتكون من مجملتين اذا كانت الاولى ماضي مستملر فان الثانية تكون في زمن الماضي البسيط و العكس تماما ) .**

**تذكر : نبحث عن الموجود ونكتب المفقود ( اذا وجد ماضي بسيط فنكتب المستمر والعكس )**

**When + S + ( v2 ) comp , S + was /were + v(ing ) ………**

**EX : when she played football , her mom was cooking .**

**While + S + V(ING) comp , S + V2 ……………………………..**

**EX : while her mom was cooking , she played football .**

**WAS : I / she / he / it / singular name .**

**Were : you / they / we / plural name .**

**Let’s try**

**EX : While I ……………………………( cheat ) on an exam , my teacher caught me .**

**EX :while I was cycling , his sister dania ……………………( fall ) on the floor .**

**EX : while we …………………………..( have ) so much fun , the boys came .**

**EX : when he ……………………….( write ) his homework , I was sleeping like a baby**

**EX : they were playing tennis , when I ……………………………….( saw ) them .**

**EX : While I was writing my novel , I ……………………………….( not , see ) you .**

**EX : I drew a lot, while they ………………………………………………..(not , draw ) .**

**EX: ………………. She …………………….(run ) when we arrived ?**

**EX : We …………………………………….(eat ) mansaf , while they reached home .**

**EX : my sister cleaned our garden , while I …………………..( not , play) play station .**

**EX : Mohammed ………………………………..(not , eat ) sugar , when I was at home .**

**EX :while she was cooking , she ………………………..( cut ) her finger .**

**EX : when I ……………………………( begin ) my project , I was crying .**

**A GOOD BUY**

**Vocabulary**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Word**  | **Meaning in Arabic**  | **Part of speech**  |
| **Beans**  | **فول , فاصوليا** | **N** |
| **Cream**  | **كريم , قشدة** | **N** |
| **Fizzy**  | **غازي, فوار** | **ADJ** |
| **Crunchy**  | **متفتت , مقدد** | **N** |
| **Melon**  | **شمام و بطيخ** | **N** |

**Comprehension**

**\*Go to action pack ( student’s book ) page 30,then answer about these questions :**

**Q1 :What are the causes of chocolate shrinkage?**

**………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………**

**Q2 :What is your favorite snack?......................................................................**

**Q3 :Do you prefer small or large chocolates?....................................................**

**Q4 :Would you like to eat a chocolate bar with sugar or sugar free ?**

**…………………………………………….**

**Q5 : Find out :**

**Noun ………………………………………………….**

**Verb ……………………………………………………**

**past con……………………………**

**Preposition …………………………………….**

**Article ………………………………………………..**

**Past simple ………………………………………**

**conjunction……………………………**

**ADJ ……………………………………**

**Short Comparative :…………………………….**

**Long Comparative :…………………………….**

**Negative ………………………………………………**

 **GRAMMAR**

**COMPARATIVE (Short comparative )**

**Noun +v to be + (adj)-er+ than+ noun**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Adjective**  | **Comparative (short adjective )** | **Meaning**  |
| **Small** |  |  |
| **Big** |  |  |
| **Old**  |  |  |
| **Tall** |  |  |
| **Short** |  |  |
| **Thick**  |  |  |
| **Wise**  |  |  |

**1 :This table is …………………… ( small )than the old another .**

**2 : I am ………………………( big ) than my sister .**

**3 : she is ……………………….(old ) than her brother .**

**4 : you are ………………………..( tall ) than your friend .**

**5 : my book is …………………….(short ) than his book .**

**6 : My book is …………………………(thick ) than your book**

**7 : my dad is ………………………….(wise ) than me .**

**than**

**COMPARATIVE (Long comparative )**

**Noun +v to be + More (adj) + than+ noun**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Word**  | **Comparative( Long adjective )** | **meaning** |
| **Intelligent** |  |  |
| **Famous** |  |  |
| **Professional** |  |  |
| **Pleasant**  |  |  |
| **Logical**  |  |  |
| **Expensive**  |  |  |
| **Interested**  |  |  |

**1 : Salem is …………………………………(Intelligent) than khaled .**

**2 : Cristiano Ronaldo is ………………………………..(Famous ) than messi .**

**3 : Ameer is ……………………………………(Professional) than Ahmed .**

**4 :Mera is ………………………...........(Pleasant ) than Rama .**

**5 : Yousef is ………………………………….(Logical ) than Rami .**

**6 : Hassan’s car is …………………………….. (Expensive ) than Jad’s car .**

**7 :ALrryan’s words is ………………………………………(Interested ) than**

 **Ahmed’s words .**

**SUPERLATIVE / SHORT**

**Noun +v to be + the (adj)+ est+ noun**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Adjective**  | **Superlative (short adjective )** | **Meaning**  |
| **Small** |  |  |
| **Big** |  |  |
| **Old**  |  |  |
| **Tall** |  |  |
| **Short** |  |  |
| **Thick**  |  |  |
| **Wise**  |  |  |

**1 :This table is …………………… ( small ) in the room .**

**2 : I am ………………………( big )in the family .**

**3 : she is ……………………….(old )girl in school .**

**4 : you are ………………………..( tall ) student .**

**5 : my book is …………………….(short ) book .**

**6 : My book is …………………………(thick ) book .**

**7 : my dad is ………………………….(wise ) person in our home .**

**SUPERLATIVE /long**

**Noun +v to be + the most (adj)+ + noun**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Word**  | **Superlative ( Long adjective )** | **meaning** |
| **Intelligent** |  |  |
| **Famous** |  |  |
| **Professional** |  |  |
| **Pleasant**  |  |  |
| **Logical**  |  |  |
| **Expensive**  |  |  |
| **Interested**  |  |  |

**1: Lujaenis …………………………………(Intelligent) girl in class.**

**2 : Cristiano Ronaldo is ………………………………..(Famous player .**

**3 :Leen is ……………………………………(Professional)Student .**

**4 :Dema is ………………………...........(Pleasant ) one .**

**5 :Wejdan is ………………………………….(Logical ) girl.**

**6 :Rawan’s car is …………………………….. (Expensive )in our home .**

**7 :Reena ’s words is ………………………………………(Interested ) words .**

**Irregular adjectives**

 **Note**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Word**  | **Comparative**  | **Superlative**  | **Meaning**  |
| **Good** | **Better**  | **Best**  |  |
| **Bad** | **Worse**  | **worst** |  |
| **Little**  | **Less** | **Least**  |  |
| **Much** | **More**  | **Most**  |  |
| **Far**  | **further / farther** | **furthest / farthest** |  |

**1 :Today is the…………………….. ( bad ) day I've had in a long time.**

**2 :You play tennis……………………. ( good ) than I do.**

**3 :This is the…………………………….. (little ) expensive sweater in the store.**

**4 :This sweater is………………………. (little ) expensive than that one.**

**5 :I ran pretty far yesterday, but I ran even…………………….( far) today**

 **Quantity words and expressions**

**The first thing we must know :**

**\*countable and uncountable nouns**

**\*countable nouns :**

**Countable accept the counting principle , so they are always checked by the number 5. If they accept it, they are countable, and they accept (S ) plural .**

**\*uncountable nouns :**

**Uncountable nouns are those that do not accept the principle of counting, do not accept the number 5, and are not plural .**

**We have cats .( 5 cats ) countable .**

**We have honey . (5 honey ? ) uncountable .\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

* **Let’s try : ( Check through number 5 )**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Word**  | **Countable /uncountable**  |
| **Honey**  |  |
| **Car**  |  |
| **Rice**  |  |
| **Building**  |  |
| **Brad**  |  |
| **Pen**  |  |
| **Flour**  |  |
| **Flower**  |  |

**\*Some &any :**

**We use them with nouns .**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Some**  | **We use it with affirmative sentences**  |
| **Any**  | **We use it with question &negative sentences**  |

**\*Some or any ?**

**1 : there are ……………………….eggs in the fridge .**

**2 : Are there ……………………….. eggs in the fridge ?**

**3 : There aren’t ……………………..eggs in the fridge .**

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Words**  | **Negative**  | **Question**  |
| **There is = singular**  | **There isn’t** | **Is there**  |
| **There are = plural** | **There aren’t**  | **Are there**  |

**\*Try to do it ?**

**1 : ……………………………………. Some apples on the table .**

**2 : ……………………………………an orange on my bag .**

**3 : ……………………………….. any shops here .**

**4 : …………………………………..any books on my desk ?**

**5: …………………………………. An egg in our fridge ?**

**6: ………………………………… any car in our neighborhood .**

 **MUCH AND MANY**

**LET’S**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Word**  | **Meaning**  |
| **Many**  |  **العدد الكبير من**  |
| **Much**  | **الكمية الكثيرة من**  |

**\*we use them with**

**Much = large amount of ………………………..**

**Many = large number of ……………………….**

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**EX :**

 **Write ( much / many ) :**

**1 : …………………………….. pens .**

**2 : …………………………….pasta .**

**3 : …………………………….. cars .**

**4 : ……………………………… biscuit**

**5 : …………………………….. people .**

**6 : ……………………………… sugar .**

**7 : ………………………………. Books**

**A FEW AND A LITTLE**

**LET’S**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Word**  | **Meaning**  |
| **A few**  | **العددالقليل من**  |
| **A little**  | **الكمية القليلة من**  |

**\*we use them with**

**A few = small number of ………………………..**

**A little = small amount of ……………………….**

**EX :**

**Write ( a few / a little ) :**

**1 : ………………………….. water .**

**2 : ………………………… pennies .**

**3 : ………………………… soup .**

**4 : ………………………… coffee**

**5 : ……………………….. lights .**

**6 : ……………………….. salt .**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Word**  | **Meaning**  |
| **A little**  | **Enough quantity**  |
| **Little**  | **Not enough quantity**  |
| **A few**  | **Enough number**  |
| **Few**  | **Not enough number**  |

**How much and how many**

**LET’S**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Word**  | **Meaning**  |
| **How much**  | **كم الكمية**  |
| **How many**  | **كم العدد**  |

**\*how many friends do you have ?**

**\*how much rice in this place ?**

**EX :**

**1 : …………………………………… books did you buy ?**

**2 : …………………………………… pasta did you eat ?**

**A lot of**

**We can use it with every thing :**

**We have a lot of coffee .**

**We have a lot of cups .**

**Note**

**We use a lot of and lots of in informal styles. Lots of is more informal than a lot of. A lot of and lots of can both be used with plural countable nouns and with singular uncountable nouns for affirmatives, negatives, and questions:**

1. **Too much : (uncountable nouns ) اكثر مما ينبغي**
2. **Too many : ( countable nouns ) كثير جدا**

**Ex:**

**1 ) we have got……………………………. Sugar .**

**2 ) we have got ……………………………. Eggs .**

**3 ) we have got …………………………….pens .**

**4 ) we have got …………………………… tea .**

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**\*Enough :1 ) use with countable nouns with ( there are )**

**Ex :There are enough eggs in the fridge .**

**\*Enough :2 ) use with uncountable nouns with ( there is )**

**EX : There is enough sugar in the box .**

**EX : 1 ) there ………………………………….. books .**

 **2) there ………………………………………coffee .**

 **3)There …………………………………….milk .**

1. **there …………………………………..pens .**

 **Fit and well**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Word**  | **meaning in Arabic**  | **Part of speech**  |
| **Freezer**  | **a refrigerated compartment, cabinet, or room for preserving food at very low temperatures.** | **N** |
| **Iron**  | **Smoothing iron**  | **N** |
| **Kettle**  | **Boiler**  | **N** |
| **Vacuum cleaner**  | **Sweeper**  | **N** |
| **Washing machine**  | **a machine for washing clothes, bed linens, etc.** | **N** |
| **Dust**  | **Powder**  | **N** |
| **Microwave**  | **Food warmer**  | **N** |

**Comprehension**

**\*Go to action pack ( student’s book ) page 30,then answer about these questions:**

**Q1: Define the minimalist ?..............................................................................**

**……………………………………………………………………………………………………………………..**

**Q2 :Do you keep something just because it is from a loved one?**

**……………………………………………………………………………………………………………………..**

**Q3: Do you like collecting things If so ,what are the things you like ?**

**…………………………………………………………………………………………………………………….**

**Q4: What are the benefits of keeping few things?**

**……………………………………………………………………………………………………………………**

**…………………………………………………………………………………………………………………..**

**Q5: Write True next to the correct statement and False next to the incorrect statement.**

1. **Keep few things( )**
2. **leaving things untidy( )**
3. **When your home is tidy, you feel happy( )**
4. **Buying things you don't need( )**
5. **Buying low quality items for a short period of time( )**

**Grammar**

 **Modal verbs**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **MUST** | **Have to** | **Should** | **Could** |

**A :Must = we use must to talk about obligation or necessity especially when we refer to something the speaker feels is necessary .**

**للتحدث عن الالتزام أو الضرورة، نستخدميجب، خاصة عندما نشير إلى شيء يشعر المتحدث أنه ضروي**

**AFF: you must study hard .**

**NEG : you must not / mustn’t stop studying hard .**

**QUE : must you study hard ?**

**ANS : yes , I must / No , I must not .**

**EX : convert these sentences to :**

**1 : you must brush your teeth .**

**…………………………………………………………………………………………………………………….(?)**

**………………………………………………………………………………………………………………….(not)**

**2: Must she wash her clothes alone ?**

**………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………(.)**

**……………………………………………………………………………………………………………......(not)**

**B : Have to :we use have to talk about obligation or necessity especially when we refer to something that’s necessary because of a rule or law .**

**نستخدم كلمة (يجب ان ) للتحدث عن الالتزام أو الضرورة خاصة عندما نشير إلى شيء ضروري بسبب قاعدة أو قانون .**

**AFF : You have to wear a suit to work ( plural noun )**

**AFF : She has to wear a suit to work ( singular noun )**

**QUE: do you have to wear a suit to work .**

**QUE : does she have to wear a suit to work .( V1 )**

**NEG : You don’t have to wear a suit to work when you at home ( plural noun )**

**NEG :She doesn’t have to wear a suit to workwhen she at home ( singular noun ) .**

**ملاحظة : بعد افعال ( ) الفعل دائما يبقى مجرد ان كان نفي ام سؤال .**

**EX : Choose the correct answer :**

**1 :Your mom says: you have to / must write your homework .**

**2 : She must/ has to keep her class clean .**

**3 : I don’t have to / mustn’t play tennis everyday .**

**4 : She has to / have to wear her uniform at school .**

**5: He doesn’t has to / doesn’t have to smoke on the bus .**

**C : Should : we use should to say that something is a good idea or to give advice( do that ) .**

**نستخدم لنقول أن شيئًا ما هو فكرة جيدة أو لتقديم النصيحة ( افعل ذلك ).**

**But shouldn’t : we use it to say that something isn’t a good idea or to give advice to someone ( don’t do that ) .**

**نستخدمها لنقول أن شيئًا ما ليس فكرة جيدة أو لتقديم النصيحة لشخص ما (لا تفعل ذلك)**

**AFF : you should study English language .**

**QUE: Should she go home early .**

**NEG : Fatima should not write all examples alone .**

**Translate :**

**يجب عليك ان تنام مبكرا**

**………………………………………………………………………………………………………………….**

**لا يجب عليها ان تقرا هذا الكتاب**

**.............................................................................................................**

**هل يجب عليه ان يدرس ؟**

**..........................................................................................................**

**D : Could / couldn’t : To say that something was or wasn't possible or allowed in the past, we use could/couldn't:**

**للقول بأن شيئًا ما , كان أو لم يكن ممكنًا أو مسموحًا به في الماضي، نستخدمهما .**

 **EX: When I was six years old , I couldn’t play outside on my own ,but I could go out with my mom .**

**ملاحظة : في الاثبات والنفي تعتبر في الماضي و لكن في حالة الطلب لا يصح ان يطلب شخص بالماضي .**

**Could I go to toilet , please ?**

**هل يمكنني الذهاب الى الحمام و من فضلك ؟**

**الفعل ( يمكنني ) الان اطلب الان وليس في الماضي .**

**EX : Translate :**

**هل يمكنني ان ادرس معك و من فضلك ؟**

**....................................................................................................................**

**هل يمكنني ان العب مع اخي ؟**

**………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………**

**هل يمكنني ان اذهب للخارج وحدي ؟**

**………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………**