

Grade: 7th Subject: English language Unit: Module 1

Worksheet

Title: What do you do?

No. (1)

Objectives: Dear Student, by doing this worksheet, you are expected to:

> Predict the meaning of new vocabulary items.

Practice the present simple tense to talk about peoples' jobs and routines.



[QUESTIONS]

Q1) What is your father's job?

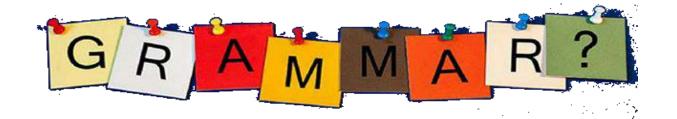
- Q2) Is his job boring or interesting?
- Q3) Describe your everyday routine?

Try to guess the meaning of the underlined vocabulary items:

1. We think that the life of the pilot is exciting and never boring .

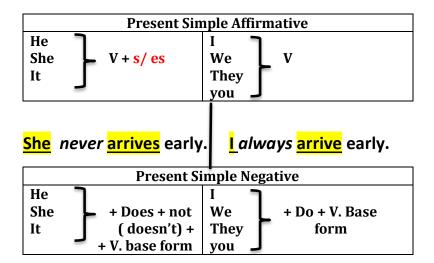
Check your AB
P. 69 +70 for
words
definitions

- 2. I love my job, it's interesting.
- 3. The pilot should check the flight <u>details</u>.
- 4. After the attendants and the passengers get on and take their seats the plane take off



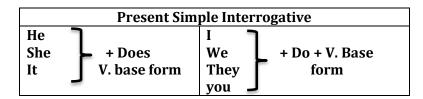
The present simple

* We use the present simple to talk about things that we do regularly. (like states and daily routines)



A pilot doesn't fly more than 100 hours a month.

Good students don't talk at class.

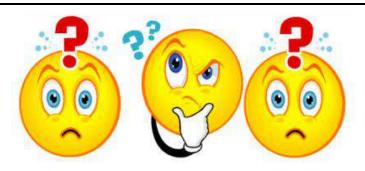


Do/Does + Subject+ V. base form ... ?

Do you go to school on Friday?

Does he work at your company?

Open your AB P. 6
Do Ex. 2+3+4



Test yourself

1. Match the words with their meanings: -

- 1- Flight a- someone who is travelling in a vehicle.
- 2- Passenger b- involving a lot of risk
- 3- Dangerous c- a journey in a plane
- 4- Take off d- to leave the ground by begin to fly

1() 2() 3() 4()

Open your AB P. 8

Do Ex. 6

2. Underline the correct form of the verbs : -

- 1- A pilot need / needs courage and dedication.
- 2- Pilots arrive / arrives an hour before their flight.
- 3- Samira don't / doesn't like driving.
- 4- I don't / doesn't go fishing.
- 5- **Do / Does** *you* enjoy reading?
- 6- Do / Does she live in Amman?

Daily routine





Wake up G

Get up Have a shower

3. Write a short paragraph about your daily routines.

Use adverbs of frequency.

.....

.....

.....

Get dressed Brush my hair Eat breakfast

Leave the house Drive Take the bus







Walk

Go for a walk

Exercise



Grade:	7 th	Subject:	English	Unit:	Module 1 / p.9
	grade		Language		

Worksheet	Why do some people like danger?
No. (2)	

Objectives: Dear Student, by doing this worksheet, you are expected to:

> 1) Guess the meaning of the vocabularies related to the dangerous activities and jobs.

Dear little thinkers, try to answer these questions by yourself:

- 1) What is your father's job?
- 2) Which activity or job do you prefer?
- 3) Do you know people who works as a policeman? A pilot? A fireman?...etc

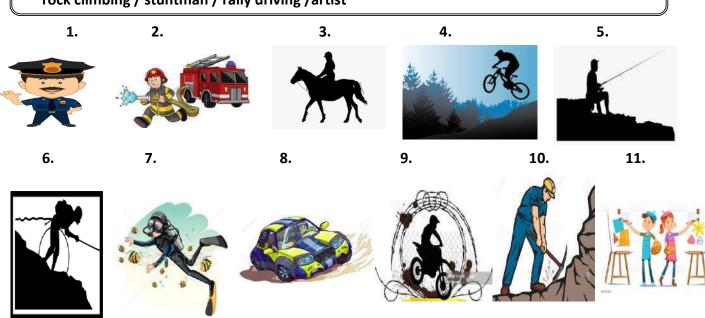
First, let's study these sentences and try to guess the meanings of the underlined words:

- 1) A policeman has a very dangerous job.
- 2) A fireman fights and puts out fi res.
- 3) A miner digs up coal and gold from the ground.
- 4) A <u>stuntman</u> performs dangerous actions in a fi lm.
- 5) An artist probably does not have to take physical risks.
- 6) This is my first rally driving experience.
- 7) Scuba diving is the sport of diving underwater.

Check the glossary in your AB P. 69-70

- 8) Rock fishing is to try to catch fish on the rocks.
- 9 You can do different activities in the mountains, such as <u>rock climbing</u> and <u>mountain biking</u>.
- 10) I like <u>horse riding</u> competitions. They're very interesting!
- 1. Now, try by yourself! Match the words with the pictures

Scuba diving/rock fishing / horse riding / policeman / fireman / miner / mountain biking / rock climbing / stuntman / rally driving /artist



2. Can you classify the activities and the jobs from the previous word.

Job

3. In your opinion, what are the most dangerous activities and jobs?

4) Write a short paragraph about your favorite job or activity.

These note may help you:

- Why do you prefer it?
- Is it dangerous or safe?
- Is it interesting or boring?
- Is it challenging?



Grade:	7 th	Subject:	English	Unit:	Module 1 /p.10
	grade		language		

Worksheet Title: Why do some people like danger?

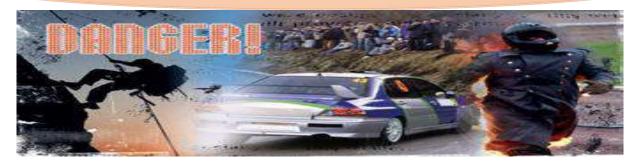
Objectives: Dear Student, by doing this worksheet, you are expected to:

Read the interview and answer the comprehension questions:

Dear little thinkers, try to answer these questions by yourself:

- 1) Do you have phobia for anything?
- 2) Why do you feel fear? And when?
- 3) Why do some people do dangerous activities or jobs?

First, let's read this interview then try to answer the following questions



Journalist: Why do some people do dangerous activities and jobs?

Dr Fred: It is because there are two elements in danger: one is fear , the other is the need to defeat fear. When they defeat fear, people feel a physical reaction.

Journalist: So, do we always need to do dangerous activities to get this feeling?

Dr Fred: Not at all! Take a journalist, a football player or even an artist. **They** probably do not have to take physical risks. But the artist, the rock climber or the mountain biker feel the same physical enjoyment as a footballer after scoring a goal.

Journalist: What about people who work in dangerous professions?

Dr Fred: Well, policemen, firemen or even stuntmen share a certain type of personality with artists and sportsmen who practice dangerous sports. But they perform dangerous activities because these are part of their job.

Now,	try by yourself! Answer	the questions:		
1)	Why do some people perfor	m dangerous activities a	nd jobs?	
••••				
••••				
2)	What are the two elements	of fear?		
3)	When people defeat fear, th	 ev have physical		
- ,	a) Reaction		c) enjoyments	
4)	T or F ()The job	that do not have to take	physical risks is	mountain biking.
5)	What do a football player, a	stuntman and a policem	an have in com	mon?
		······································		
6)	In your opinion, in what way	y is a fireman different fr	om a mountain	biker?
			•••••••••••	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
7)	Find out : a) present simple	verb	•••••	
	b) an adjective			
	c)) The underlined	pronoun they refers to		
	d) A word that mea	ans a person who fights a	and puts out	
	fires			

8) According to you:

- What do you like to do?			
- And what do you feel when	you do any of the dange	rous activities or jobs?	
	••		



Grade:	7 th	Subject:	English	Unit:	Module 1 / p. 11
	grade		Language		

Worksheet No. (4) Title: Why do some people like danger?

Objectives: Dear Student, by doing this worksheet, you are expected to:

> Form agents/ doer from the verb

Dear little thinkers, try to answer these questions by yourself:

- 1) What do you call the one who teaches you?
- 2) What do call the one who treat sick people?

First, let's study the following rule:



We add -er suffix to all verbs to form the noun for the "doer" of the action.

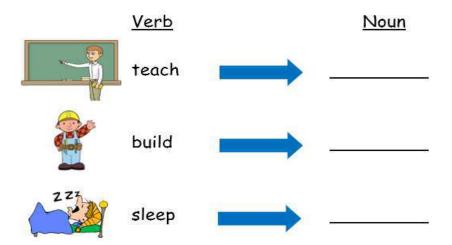
- read > reader
- hate > hater
- hit > hitter

To fish is the exception as the person who fishes is a "fisherman", not a "fisher".

- Fire > fireman
- Police > policeman

Now, try by yourself!

1) Can you change the verbs into nouns by adding the er suffix?



2) Form the doer:

farm	sing	
drive	paint	
jump	write	
run	ride	
dive	bake	
walk	think	
help	print	
learn	sew	

3) What do we call the people who do these activities?

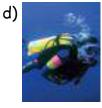
Write the corresponding forms.



b)







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Modal Answers Worksheet 1

EX. 1

(C) 2(a) 3(b) 4(d)

EX.2

- 1- needs
- 2- arrive
- 3- doesn't
- 4- don't
- 5- Do
- 6- Does

Ex. 3

Student's own answer.

Modal answers/ Worksheet 2

Ex.1

- 1. policeman
- 2. fireman
- 3. horse riding
- 4. mountain biking
- 5. rock fishing
- 6. rock climbing
- 7. scuba diving
- 8. rally driving

- 9. stuntman
- 10. miner
- 11. artist

Ex.2

Activities	Job
horse riding	policeman
mountain biking	fireman
rock fishing/rock climbing	stuntman
scuba diving	miner
rally driving	artist

EX.3

In my opinion, the most dangerous activity is mountain biking and the most dangerous job is a stuntman .

EX. 4 Suggested answer:

My favorite activity is horse riding. It is fun. I like horses very much. It is safe and interesting. It is very challenging .

Modal Answers Worksheet 3

- 1) People perform dangerous activities or have dangerous jobs to defeat fear.
- 2) There are two elements in danger: one is fear , the other is the need to defeat fear.
- 3) Reaction.
- 4) False.
- 5) A football player, a stuntman and a policeman all feel the same physical enjoyment.
- 6) A fireman does his activity as a part of his job, whereas a mountain biker does it to overcome fear.
- 7) a) do/are/is/defeat/feel/need/get/work/share/practice/perform.
 - b) Dangerous/physical.
 - c) A journalist, a football player or an artist.
 - d) A fireman.
- 8) Suggested answer:
 - -I like to climb rocks. It is a very dangerous activity and it is wonderful. I feel excited and thrilled.
 - I like to drive fast so I will join a rally driving soon. It is really exciting.

Modal Answers Worksheet 4

EX.1

- 1) Teacher
- 2) Builder
- 3) Sleeper

Ex.2

farm	farmer	sing	singer
drive	driver	paint	painter
jump	jumper	write	writer
run	runner	ride	rider
dive	diver	bake	Baker
walk	walker	think	thinker
help	helper	print	printer
learn	learner	sew	sewer

Ex.3

- a) rally driver
- b) rock fisherman
- c) mountain biker
- d) scuba diver



Grade: 7th	Subject:	English	Unit:	Module 2/ unit 1
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Worksheet Fighting global warming No. (1)

Objectives: Dear Student, after doing this worksheet, you are expected to:

- > Use new vocabulary items to talk about the global warming.
- > To give orders using the imperative form.
- > Use adverbs of frequency correctly.

First, look at these pictures, and try to describe each one in one sentence.





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Now let's study some vocabulary

Check your AB
P. 70 +71 for
words'
definitions

1. Fill in the blanks with the suitable words from the box.

Global warming temperature Earth atmosphere climate droughts storm flood carbon dioxide violent warms up heats up freeze melting

- 1. Earth's has changed over the years.
- 2. So many hoses have been destroyed because of the
- 3. Our planet, is in danger.
- 4. We breath in oxygen, and breath out
- 5. could destroy plants and farms.
- 6. The sun The atmosphere.
- 8. We need to slow down the in order to save our planet.



Global warming is affecting our planet Earth, which in turns affects our lives. It has so many dangerous impacts on our lives, the planet and the environment.

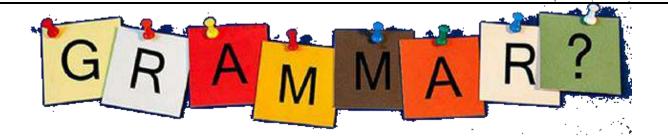
Open your pupil's book, on P.18

Read the text, then answer these questions.

- 1. What does our climate depend on?
- 2. What can we do to stop the effect of global warming?
- 3. How does the global warming affect our lives?

Go to your AB P.14

Do Ex. 1 + 2



Study how to use the imperative

The imperative

You can use the imperative form to:



1. Give orders

Stand up!



2. Give a warning or advice

Don't walk over the grass!



3. Make a request

Pass me the salt, please!

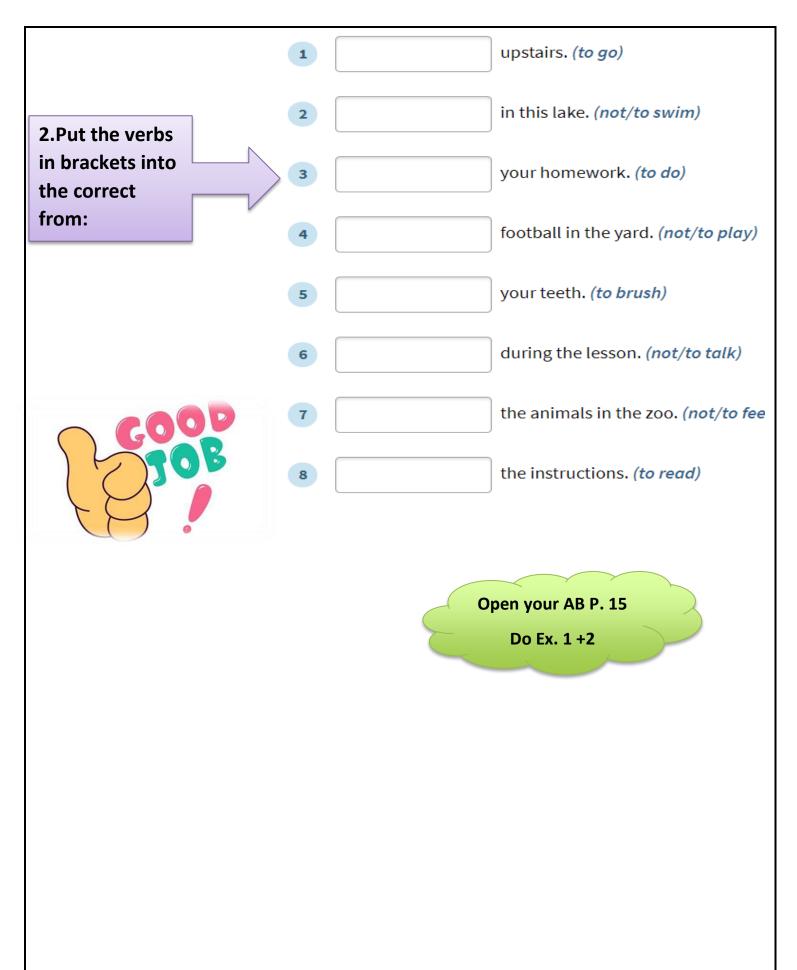
The imperative is formed with the verb without a subject Use the base form of the verb.

"Open your book."

The negative imperative is formed with Do not / Don't and the verb

Don't + base form of the verb

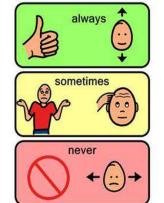
"Don't shout!"





Adverbs of frequency are adverbs that shows how often we do something.

They are:





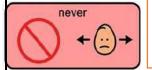
Is used when you do something all the time.

I always recycle paper and plastic.



Is used when you do something part of the time.

Samar sometimes goes to the park.



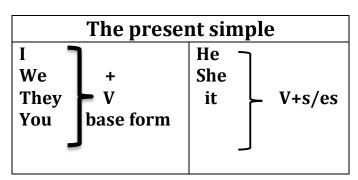
Is used when you don't do something at all.

Ali never cuts down trees.



Remember to use the present simple verb with adverbs of frequency.





3. Write 3 sentences about things you usually, sometimes or never do.

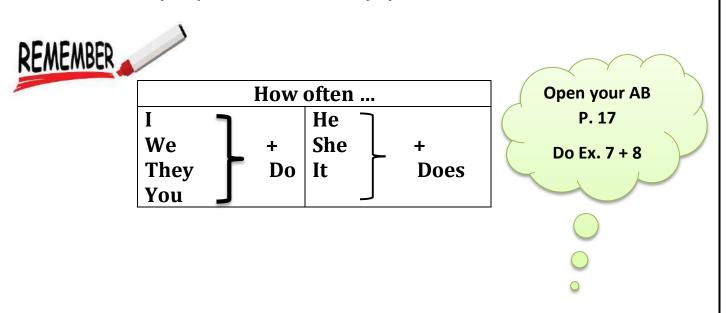




Use (how often) to ask about how often something happens.

How often does Ali clean his room? He always cleans his room.

How often do you plant trees? I always plant trees.





Grade:	7th	Subject:	Recycling	Module/Unit:	Module 2/ Unit
		Í		,	2

Worksheet No. (2) Title: Do you recycle?

Objectives: Dear Student, by doing this worksheet, you are expected to:

- > To determine the meanings of words related to recycling.
- > To read instructions for recycling
- > To write a list of reusable things
- > To discuss environmental projects

Before we get started... try to answer these questions:

- Q.1: What is the meaning of recycling?
- Q.2: Do you often recycle paper, cans, bottles and other old things?
- Q.3: Do you have a recycling in your neighborhood?
- Q.4: Why do you recycle?

• Match the words with the related pictures:

Go back to your glossary in the activity book page (70-71) to check their definitions. You can also look up the words in the dictionary.

The word	The picture
Environment	
Recycle	
Aluminium	
Pollution	
To rinse	

Instructions	
Newspapers	
Food wraps	
Nappies	
Junk mail	
Rubber bands	
Bottle tops	

Bottles	
Magazine	

Open your pupil's book (P. 22) and Read instructions about recycling paper and plastic and answer the following questions.

• After reading the text choose the correct answer:

1. Recycling paper includes:

- A. white paper, newspapers and mixed-colour paper.
- B. Cans and bottles
- C. Plastic bags

2. In recycling paper we remove:

- A. Magazines
- B. Rubber bands and stickers
- C. White paper

3. Mixed- colour paper includes:

- A. White paper
- B. Newspapers
- C. Magazines

4. when recycling plastic, remove:

- A. plastic bags
- B. Nappies
- C. Water bottles

5. In order to save space in your recycling bin:

- A. Don't put anything in it.
- B. Bring another recycling bin
- C. Crush plastic containers



Choose one of these projects

- A jumble sale
- Having a recycling workshop
- Replacing traditional light bulbs with energy-saving ones
- Reusing certain materials (paper, wood ...)
- Repairing broken machines

1. Discuss a campaign with your group:

- The aim of the project (fixing broken things, recycling, reusing)
- When to start (the day you are ready to start working on the project)
- What to recycle (paper, cans, books, bottles)
- The benefits of the project (Saving the environment, ...)
- The leaflets needed for the campaign (design a leaflet that talks about your project and the things you will recycle)



Modal Answers Worksheet 1

Ex. 1

- 1. Earth's climate has changed over the years.
- 2. So many houses have been destroyed because of the storm.
- 3. Our planet, Earth is in danger.
- 4. We breath in oxygen, and breath out Carbon dioxide
- 5. Floods could destroy plants and farms.
- 6. The sun warms up the atmosphere.
- 7. Ice in the polar regions is melting.
- 8. We need to slow down the global warming in order to save our planet.

Ex.2

- 1. Go
- 2. Don't swim
- 3. Do
- 4. Don't play
- 5. Brush
- 6. Don't talk
- 7. Don't feed
- 8. Read

EX.3

(suggested answers)

- 1. I always clean my school.
- 2. Me and my friends sometimes plant trees.
- 3. I never throw away paper or plastic.

Model answers Worksheet 2

- After reading the text choose the correct answer:
- 1. Recycling paper includes:
 - A. white paper, newspapers and mixed-colour paper.
 - B. Cans and bottles
 - C. Plastic bags
- 2. In recycling paper we remove:
 - A. Magazines
 - B. Rubber bands and stickers
 - C. White paper
- 3. Mixed- colour paper includes:
 - A. White paper
 - **B.** Newspapers
 - C. magazines
- 4. when recycling plastic, remove:
 - A. plastic bags
 - **B.** Nappies
 - C. Water bottles
- 5. In order to save space in your recycling bin:
 - A. Don't put anything in it.
 - B. Bring another recycling bin
 - C. Crush plastic containers



Grade:	7 th	Subject:	English	Unit:	Module 3/
			language		unit 1

No. (1)

Worksheet Visiting places

Objectives:

Dear Student, by doing this worksheet, you are expected to:

- Use new vocabulary items to describe places.
- > Use countable/ uncountable nouns correctly.
- Talk about quantities using there is / there are and some / any

First, look at these pictures, and try to describe each one in one sentence.





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Now let's study some vocabulary

Check your AB
P. 72 +73 for
words
definitions

1. Fill in the blanks with the suitable words from the box.

Street bridge underground station food market shop restaurant trader

- 1. We need to go over the In order to get to the other side.
- 2. In London, there are a lot of you can take the train from there.
- 3. We had lunch in a fancy
- 4. Sami went to the to buy some
- 5. The Sells cakes and bread at his
- 6. Walk through this and you will get to the museum.
 - 2. Read this leaflet about Souk Jara, then fill in the blanks with the suitable word from the box.

Annual outdoor handicrafts antique homemade traditional inexpensive bread honey

Souk Jara is a market in Amman, Jordan.

The Souk (market) is a major tourist attraction

lying next to Rainbow Street in Jabal Amman,

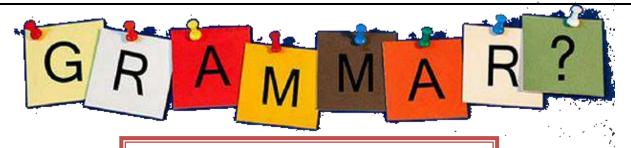
it features handicrafts, antiques, crafts, food,

street wear, art and traditional products from around the Kingdom.

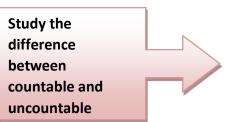


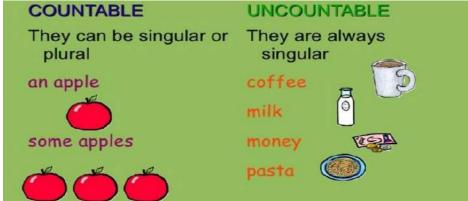
It is available on each Tuesday on winter nights, between mid-November and early March from 10PM till 2AM. Film screenings, concerts and other cultural activities are commonplace.

- 1. You can buy and from the food market in Souk Jara.
- 2. Souk Jara is an event, that happens every winter.
- 3. You can buy beautiful
- 4. There are so many Products in Souk Jara.
- 5. The products in Souk Jara are You can buy them with good price.



Countable & uncountable nouns







Write countable (C) or uncountable (UN) beside each word:

- 3. toys
- 4. building
- 5. pen
- 6. sugar
- 7. oil
- 8. keys
- 9. carrots
- 10. tea



There is / There are

ENGLISH GRAMMAR

NEGATIVE

QUESTIONS

There is - There are



Meaning: To say that something exists (or doesn't exist)

There is + singular noun

There is a book on the desk.

There are + plural noun

There are books on the desk.

There is + uncountable noun

There is some milk in the fridge.

There isn't + singular noun

There isn't a pen on the table.

There aren't + plural noun

There aren't any pens here.

There isn't + uncountable noun There isn't any juice in the fridge.

There is a cat on the chair.

There are cats on the sofa.

there a cat on the chair? Are there cats on the sofa?

Go to your AB P.26

Do Ex. 3 + 4

Grade (

CONTRACTIONS

There's = There is

There's not = There is not

There isn't = There is not

There aren't = There are not



Study how to use Some / Any

Quantifiers:

Some/Any



A - An - Some - Any



A / AN + singular countable nouns

A + consonant sound There is a bottle on the table.

AN + vowel sound There is an apple on the table.

SOME / ANY + plural countable nouns & uncountable nouns

+ affirmative SOME There is some cheese in the fridge.

negative ANY There isn't any cheese in the fridge.

? questions * ANY Is there any cheese in the fridge?

		Countable SINGULAR	Countable PLURAL	UNCOUNTABLE
+	affirmative	A/AN	SOME	SOME
•	negative	A/AN	ANY	ANY
?	questions *	A/AN	ANY	ANY



4. Complete the sentences with some or any:

- 1. I bought oranges. Let's make fresh juice.
- 2. There isn't Milk in the fridge.
- 3. Eat Fruits. It is good for your health.
- 4. Are there Students in the class?
- 5. I haven't got fish.

Open you AB p. 25

Do Ex. 1



Grade: 7th Grade Subject: English Language Unit: Module 3 Unit 2

Worksheet No. (2)

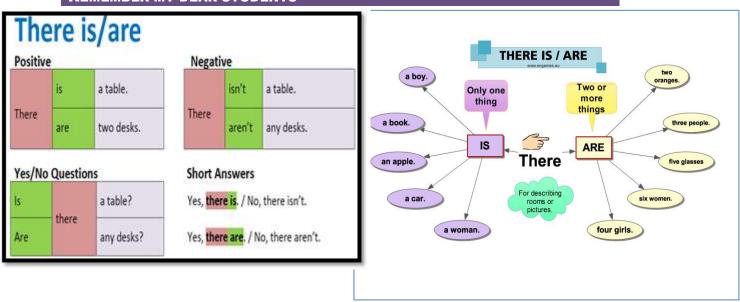
Title: I want to see the mummies!



Objectives: Dear Student, by doing this worksheet, you are expected to:

- > To practice the vocabulary related to a museum.
- > To practice There is/ There are (affirmative, negative and interrogative).
- > To give directions.

REMEMBER MY DEAR STUDENTS



A-Complete with There is / There are

1.	a t-shirt on the bed.
2.	two books on the floor.
3.	a scarf on the floor.
4.	four pictures on the wall.
5.	many books on the shelves.
6.	a book on the bed.
7.	a laptop on the floor.

8. some papers on the floor



B-Answer the questions using:

Yes, there is / Yes, there are / No, there isn't /

No, there aren't

1-	Are there any eggs in the fridge?
2-	Are there any onions in the fridge?
3-	Is there any lettuce in the fridge?
4-	Is there any milk in the fridge?
5-	Are there bananas in the fridge?
6-	Is there a cake in the fridge?
7-	Are there any lemons in the fridge?
8-	Is there any pizza in the fridge?



Vocabulary Corner

C)Use these words to complete the following sentences:

Museum

souvenir shop

gallery

treasure









Grade 7

- 1- There are famous objects in the British
- 2- There's some.....in the museum.
- 3- In the....., you can buy souvenirs for your friends and family.
- 4- Visit thewhere there are famous objects.

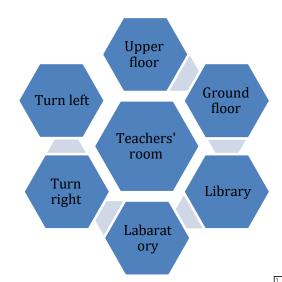
D) Now, give each other directions to some rooms at your school and share your ideas with your friends. You can use these words.

Example:

A: How can I go to the Library?

B: Let's see. We are on the ground floor. Go to the upper floor, turn right then go past the 3rd grade.

The library is on your right.



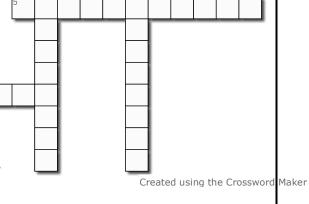
E) Now my little thinkers read the clues and write the words in the puzzle.

Down

- 1.A dead body that have been preserved.
- 2. The floor of a building that is at ground level
- 4. Near or at the top of the floor

Across

- 3. A building where people go to see important objects
- 5. Cheap
- 6. Taking place once a year



Finally my dear students, please go back to your Activity Book p.26 and do Ex. 3, 4.

Modal answers Worksheet 1

Ex. 1

- 1. We need to go over the bridge in order to get to the other side.
- 2. In London, there are a lot of underground stations you can take the train from there.\
- 3. We had lunch in a fancy restaurant.
- 4. Sami went to the market to buy some food.
- 5. The trader Sells cakes and bread at his shop.
- 6. Walk through this street and you will get to the museum.

Ex.2

- 1. You can buy bread and honey from the food market in Souk Jara.
- 2. Souk Jara is an annual event, that happens every winter.
- 3. You can buy beautiful handicrafts .
- 4. There are so many homemade Products in Souk Jara.
- 5. The products in Souk Jara are inwxpensive, you can buy them with good price.

EX.3

- 1. milk (UN)
- 2. honey (UN)
- 3. toys **(C)**
- 4. building (C)
- 5. pen (C)
- 6. sugar (UN)
- 7. oil <mark>(UN)</mark>
- 8. keys (C)
- 9. carrots (C)
- 10. tea (UN)

EX.4

- 1. I bought some oranges. Let's make fresh juice.
- 2. There isn't any Milk in the fridge.
- 3. Eat some Fruits. It is good for your health.
- 4. Are there any Students in the class?
- 5. I haven't got any fish.

Modal answers worksheet 2

- A) 1- Museum
 - 2- treasure
 - 3- souvenir shop
 - 4- gallery
- B) 1- There is
 - 2- There are
 - 3- There is
 - 4- There are
 - 5- There are
 - 6- There is
 - 7- There is
 - 8- There are
 - C)1- Yes, there are
 - 2- No, there aren't
 - 3- No, there isn't
 - 4- Yes, there is
 - 5- Yes, there are
 - 6- Yes, there is
 - 7- No, there aren't
 - 8- No, there isn't
- C) Student's own answers